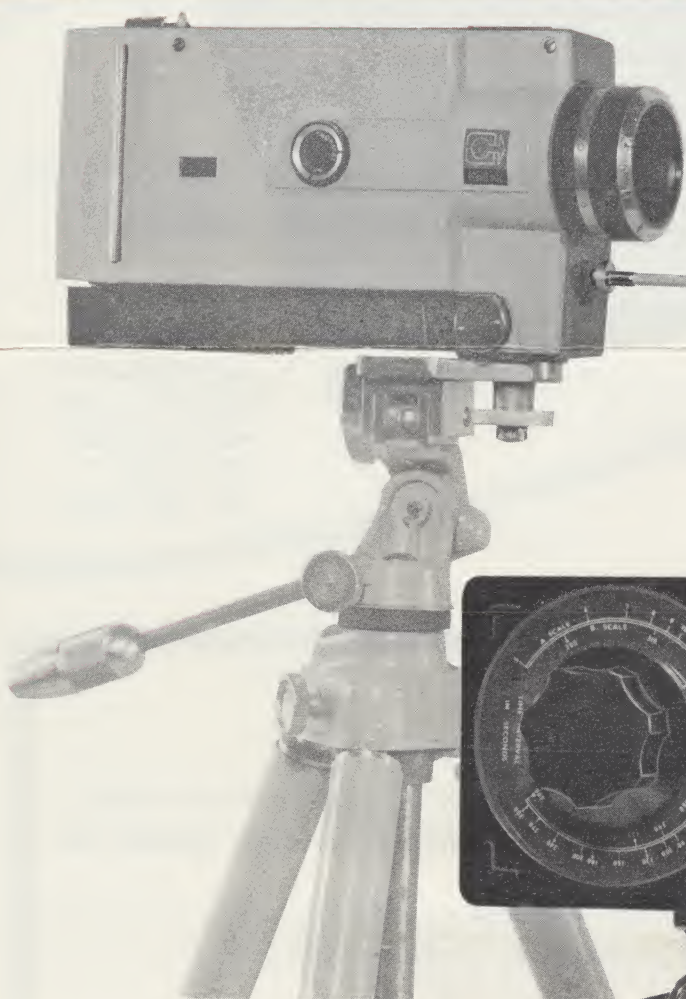


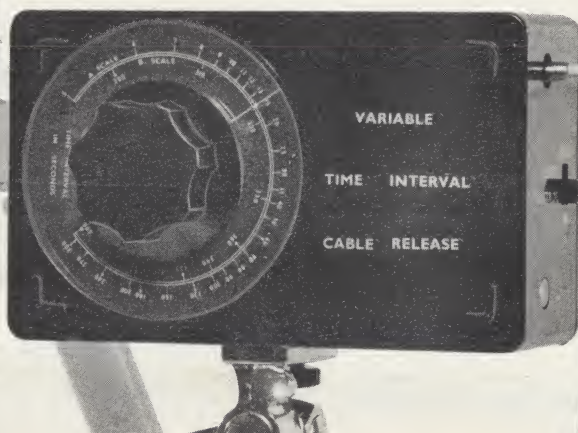


SYSTEM OF T-I-M-E L-A-P-S-E PHOTOGRAPHY



P-A-C-E-R

Recent advancements in engineering techniques and "Super 8" color film have enabled UNēCO laboratories to develop the P-A-C-E-R, a revolutionary new variable timing device which produces expert time lapse films for industry and amateur movie-making enthusiasts. Time lapse films have, for years, been an important, but expensive tool for research studies. Today, the P-A-C-E-R brings this important technique within reach of any film maker.



WHAT IS TIME LAPSE PHOTOGRAPHY?

Memo-motion or "time lapse" photography is a system of recording, on motion picture film any activity in which the motion or color change is very slow and the photographer wishes to speed-up or condense such action. Events that occur slowly are photographed with an extended period of time (from 5 seconds to 10 minutes) between each frame of motion picture film. This film, projected at normal speed, condenses the original event or activity into a more comprehensible action.

HUNDREDS OF USES.

With the new P-A-C-E-R, any film department can make excellent time lapse film records for surprisingly little cost. Both industrial and research fields are finding unlimited uses for this new, low-cost study technique.

Amateur photographers, as well, are making exciting and interesting time lapse films of such activities as: the magic of growing plants, children playing, or the condensed spectacle of a full-color sunset. The uses of the P-A-C-E-R are limited only by the imagination of the photographer.



Sample Uses:

- Traffic studies
- Time & motion studies
- Building construction
- Cloud & weather studies
- Wild life observation
- Plant growth studies
- Store & bank surveillance
- Job activity analysis
- Accident prevention
- Microscopic studies
- Chemical research
- Agricultural research

SEE FEATURES ON BACK



Interval Selector—
Adjusts time intervals
from 5 sec.
to 10 min.

Inexpensive
penlight batteries
easily accessible
from back.

20-inch cable release
activated by precision-
made electric
solenoid.

Light Sensor—
Electronically stops
and idles P-A-C-E-R
when there is not
sufficient light —
starts again
when light returns.

Adjustable cable
stroke release —
fits any electric driven
film camera.

Screw receptical
for mounting
on tripod.

CHECK THESE ADVANTAGES:

- Battery operated: uses 8 ordinary penlight cells.
- Battery life: at 5 sec. exposure intervals—54 hours.
at 10 min. exposure intervals—over 30 days.
- Completely portable — operates anywhere — needs no outside power source.
- Single-frame exposure at any interval from 5 to 600 seconds.
- 20-inch cable release fits any single-frame electric driven still or motion picture camera.
- Automatically shuts off when there is insufficient light (starts again when sufficient light is available).
- Solenoid: Precision-made and electrically-actuated.
- Economical — only \$89.50.
- Stroke of cable adaptable to any camera shutter release.
- Easily mounted on tripod to eliminate vibration of camera.
- Completely automatic.
- Fully guaranteed for complete satisfaction.
- Compact — weighs only 1½ lbs.
- Engineered for long life of trouble-free service.



Box 487
Third and Washington Streets
Bellevue, Nebraska 68005
Phone 402 — 291-5600

SPECIFICATIONS
PACER II, PACER III

	PACER II	PACER III
Suggested Sales Price	\$99.50	\$129.50
Battery Operated	8-Penlite	12-"C" Cell (100% longer battery life)
Size (Portable)	3" X 3 1/2" X 6 1/4"	3 1/2" X 5 1/4" X 6 3/4"
Time Period	5 sec to 10 min	5 sec to 10 min
Cable Release	20"	20"
Automatically Shuts Off When there is Inusfficient Light	Yes	Yes
Compact	1 1/2 lbs	2 lbs
Screw Receptical for Tripod Mount	Yes	Yes
Battery Strength Monitor Meter	No	Yes
Force Exerted	450 to 580 grams	950 to 1200 grams
F.O.B.	Bellevue Nebraska	
Terms:	Net 30 Days	
Warrenty:	One year against any defect in workmanship.	

Attached is a brochure on our first PACER which is no longer in production. A new brochure will be made on PACER II and PACER III. This brochure does explain its operation and suggests many ways the PACER might be used.